Rebuilding What Was Lost The Book of Ezra-Nehemiah



Rebuilding What Was Lost

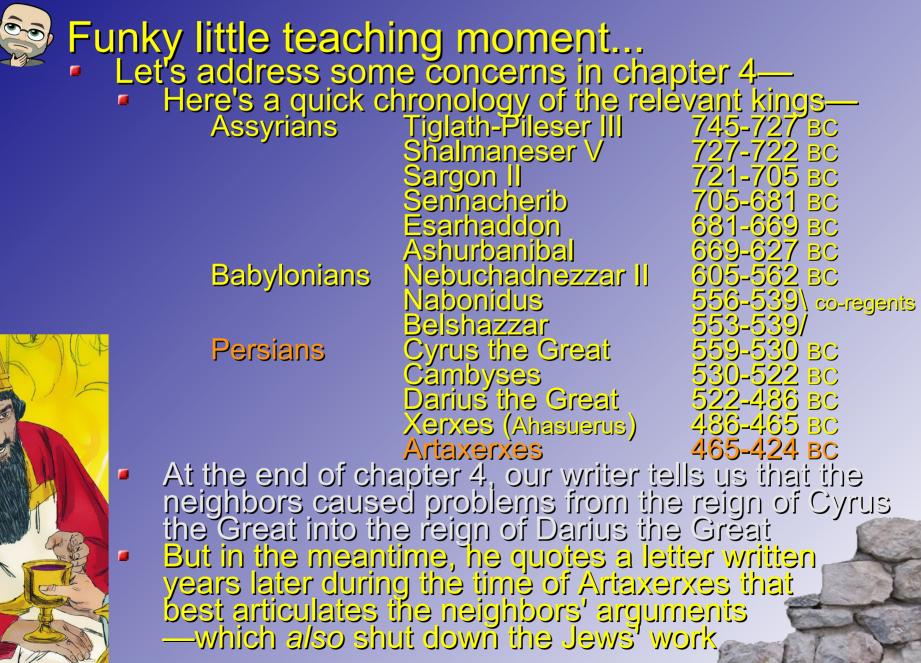
- A Little Bit of Background
 The Return
- Laying the Foundation
 Letters to Kings (part 2)



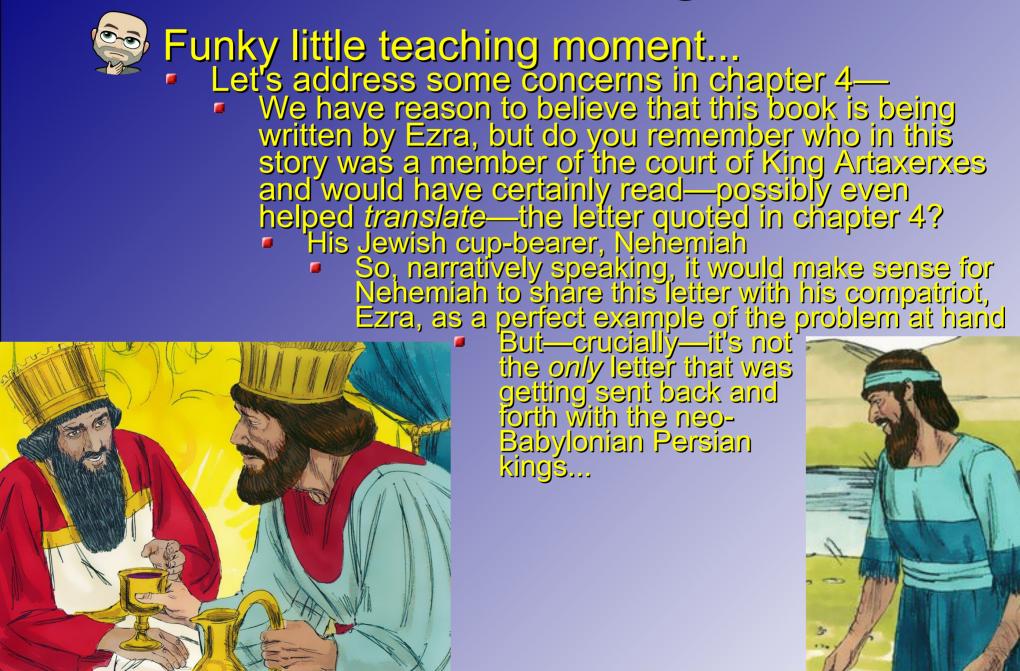


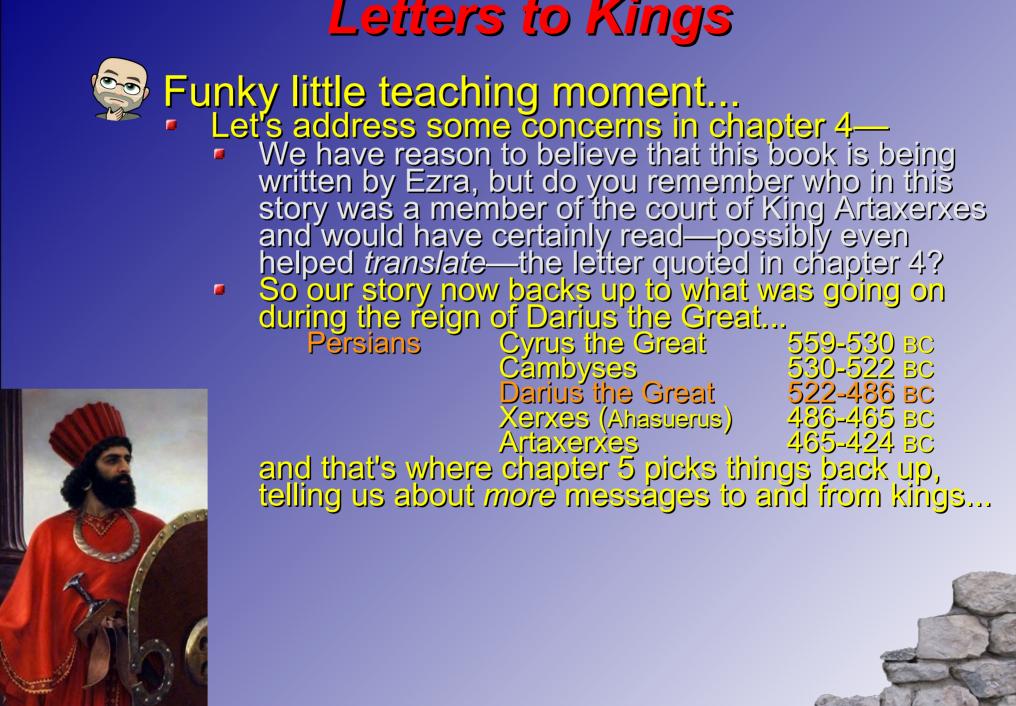
Funky little teaching moment... Let's address some concerns in chapter 4— Here's a quick chronology of the relevant kings— Assyrians Tiglath-Pileser III 745-727 BC Shalmaneser V 727-722 BC Sargon II -705 BC Sennacherib 705-681 вс Esarhaddon 681-669 BC 669-627 вс Ashurbanibal Nebuchadnezzar II Babylonians 605-562 вс Nabonidus 556-539\ co-regents 553-539/ Belshazzar Persians Cyrus the Great 559-530 BC 530-522 вс 522-486 вс Cambyses Darius the Great 486-465 BC Xerxes (Ahasuerus) 465-424 BC Artaxerxes At the end of chapter 4, our writer tells us that the neighbors caused problems from the reign of Cyrus the Great into the reign of Darius the Great (in chapter 5, he'll then focus on what goes down with King Darius, since that's the crux point of what he's leading up to)











- The people of God have returned home
 They had a written decree from good King Cyrus II so they're returning home with a guarantee of safe conduct and with literally tons of treasure for use in rebuilding the Temple in Jerusalem
 But then, just as they laid the foundation of the Temple, their neighbors turned against them, afraid that a re-established Judah would mean a bad future for the rest of them.
 - for the rest of them
 - And after such a good (seeming) start, all work on the Temple was forced to stop "until the second year of the reign of Darius king of Persia"
 What would that do to the people of God—and to their faith?







- Funky little teaching moment...
 Jesus told a parable that's relevant here

 In Mark 4:16-17, Jesus said that some people are
 "like seed sown on rocky places, [who] hear the word and at once receive it with joy. But since they have no root, they last only a short time. When trouble or persecution comes because of the word, they quickly foll away."

 - fall away."
 How is this relevant to the situation that the people of God were facing here in Ezra-Nehemiah?
 How is this relevant to the situations that the people of God are facing today?
 How do we avoid becoming like those who "quickly fall away" when trouble or persecution come?







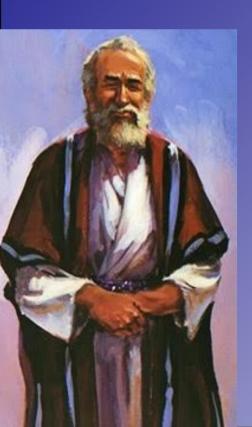
- Funky little teaching moment...
 Jesus told a parable that's relevant here
 But isn't it a question of the context?
 It's one thing to stand up to your antagonistic neighbors when the King of Persia is supporting you but it's quite another thing to stand up to them when the King of Persia is on *their* side, right?
 Because, as we all know, it's the King of Persia who's been sovereign over their fate the whole time, right?
 Remember our Quiz:

 Which King carried the people of God off into exile in Babylon—was it Cyrus or Nebuchadnezzar?
 Jeremiah 29:14 tells us that
 - - Jeremiah 29:14 tells us that it was YAHWEH, wasn't it?
 - So how do we apply this in every context in our lives? (even when the road gets a little bit rocky around us... or in us...)



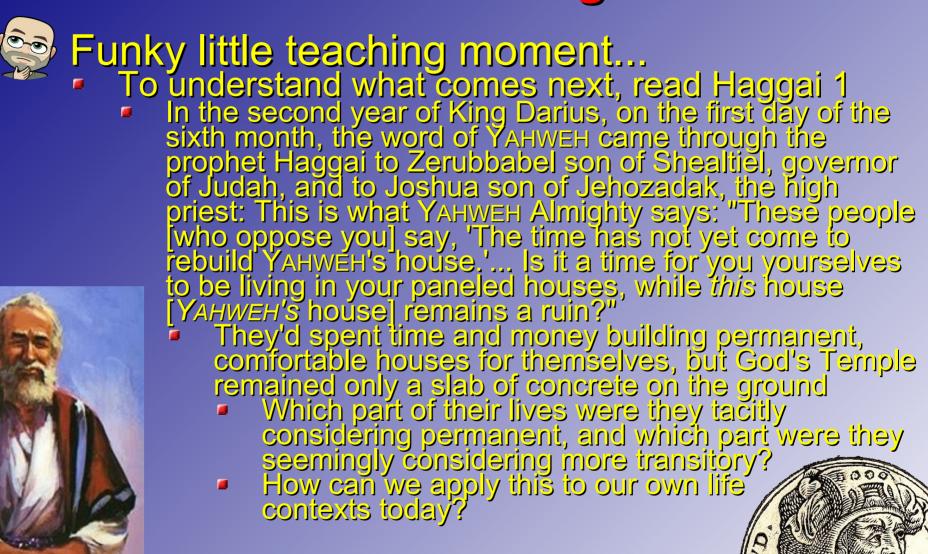


- The people of God have returned home
 They have a written decree from good King Cyrus II
 So God's people have stopped building the Temple
 Please read Ezra 5:1
 I love how the Bible informs the Bible, 'cuz this isn't just a bunch of "wisdom stories"—it's history

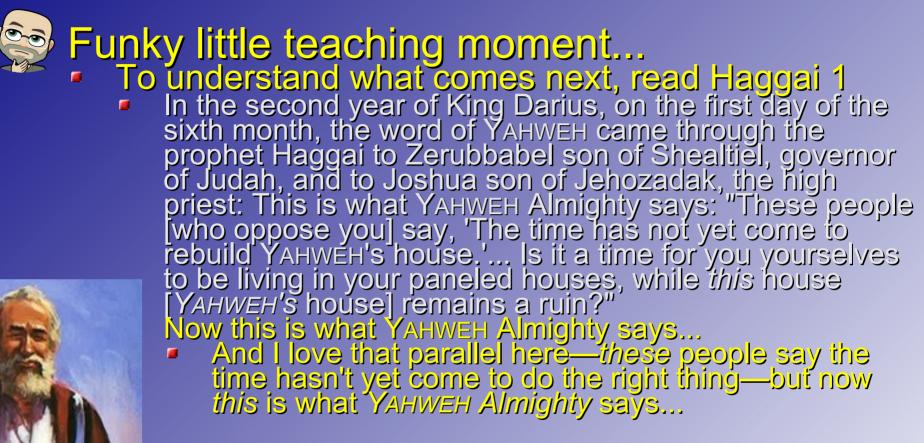








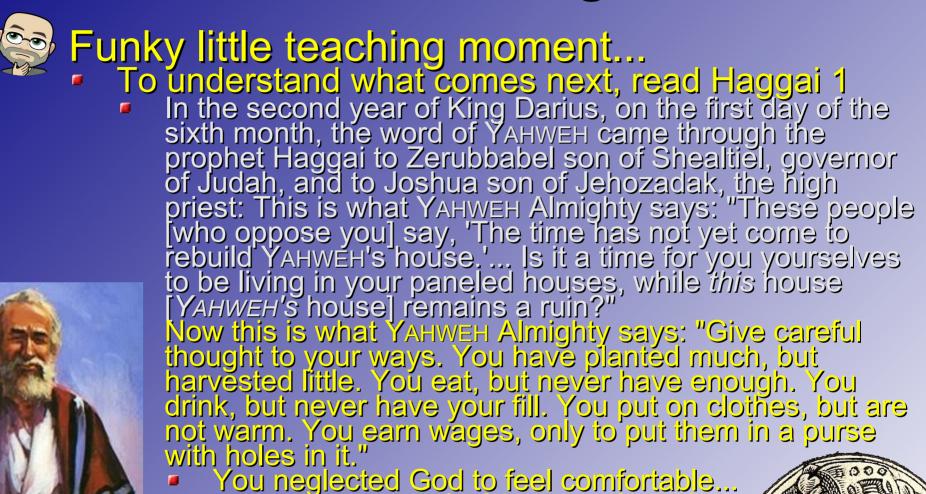












- You neglected God to feel comfortable... and yet, now you feel less comfortable... How can we apply this to our lives?



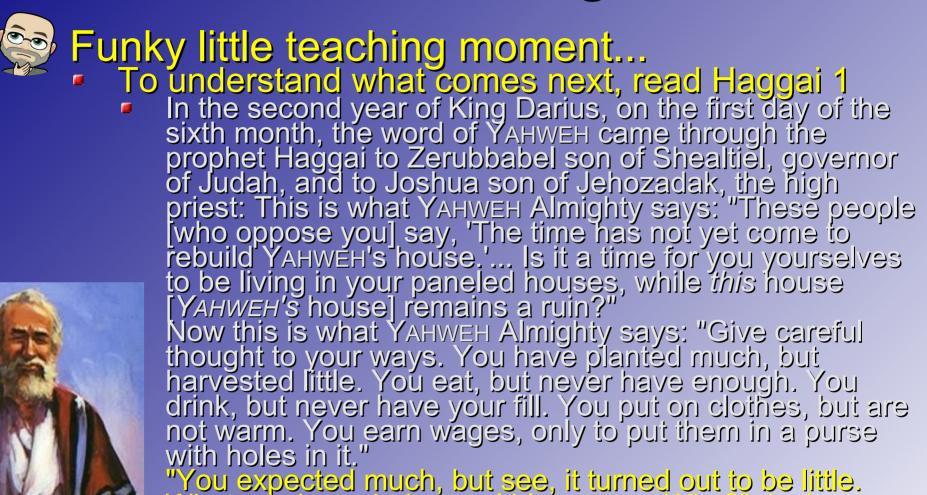


- Funky little teaching moment²...
 Jesus told a parable that's relevant here
 In Mark 4: 18-19, Jesus said that other people are "like seed sown among thorns, [who] hear the word; but the worries of this life, the deceitfulness of wealth and the desires for other things come in and choke the word, making it unfruitful."
 How is this relevant to the situation that the people of God were facing here in Ezra-Nehemiah?
 How is this relevant to the situations that the people of God are facing today?



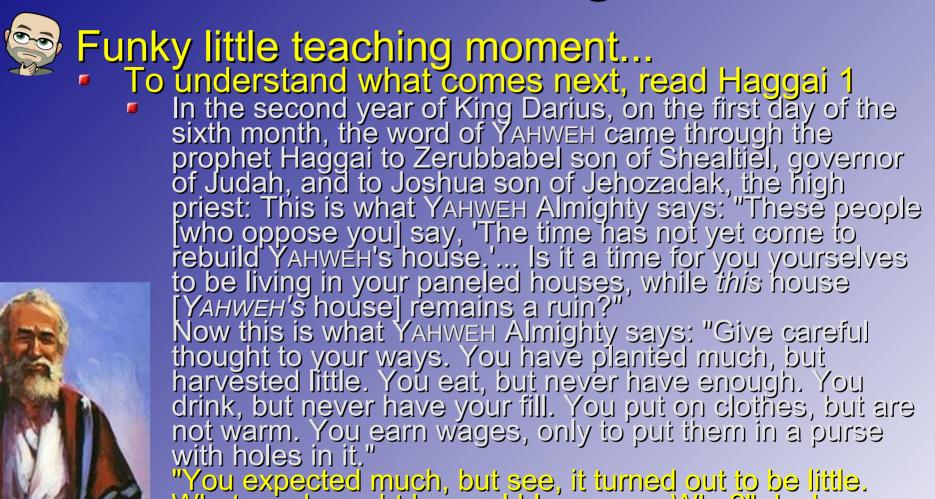






"You expected much, but see, it turned out to be little. What you brought home, I blew away. Why?" declares YAHWEH Almighty.
What crucial pronoun(s) do you see here?
How can we apply *this* to our lives?





"You expected much, but see, it turned out to be little. What you brought home, I blew away. Why?" declares YAHWEH Almighty. "Because of my house, which remains a ruin, while each of you is busy with his own house. Therefore, because of you the heavens have withheld their dew..."

What crucial pronoun(s) do you see here? How can we apply *this* to our lives?



- Funky little teaching moment...
 To understand what comes next, read Hacigai 2
 On the twenty-first day of the seventh month, the word of YAHWEH came through the prophet Haggai: "Speak to Zerubbabel son of Shealtiel, governor of Judan, to Joshua son of Jehozadak, the high priest, and to the remnant of the people. Ask them, 'Who of you is left who saw this house in its former glory? How does it look to you now? Does it not seem to you like nothing?'
 It's so easy to give up in life, to give in, since it often seems like so little is to be gained by trying
 I mean, think about it—did it look *like* a Temple?
 Look at your own life, or at our church family—would the world think that any of this really looks "impressive" to them?



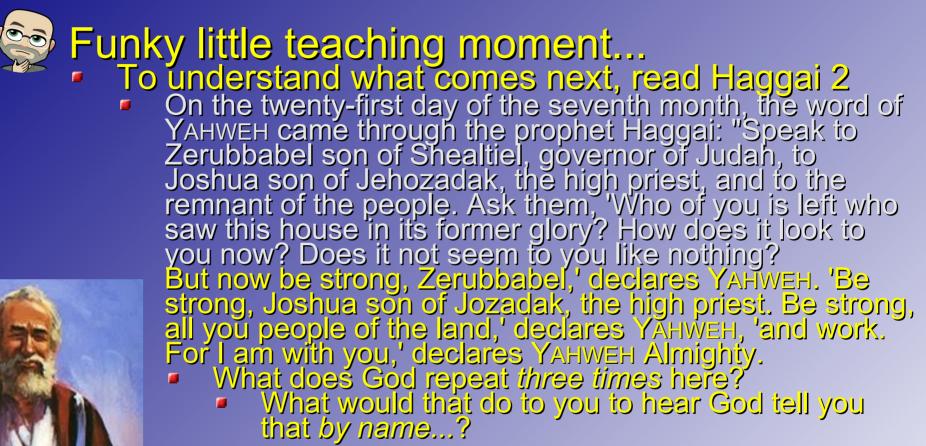


- **Funky little teaching moment...** To understand what comes next, read Haggai 2 On the twenty-first day of the seventh month, the word of YAHWEH came through the prophet Haggai: "Speak to Zerubbabel son of Shealtiel, governor of Judah, to Joshua son of Jehozadak, the high priest, and to the remnant of the people. Ask them, 'Who of you is left who saw this house in its former glory? How does it look to you now? Does it not seem to you like nothing? But—
 - How important is that tiny, huge little word here?



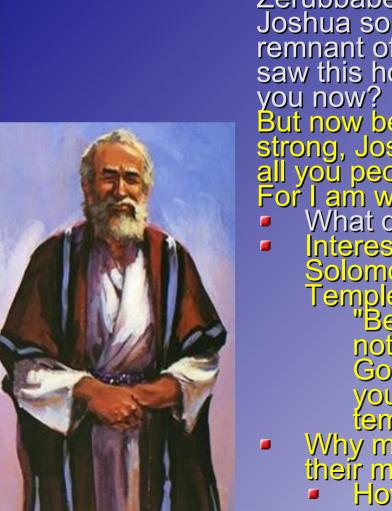








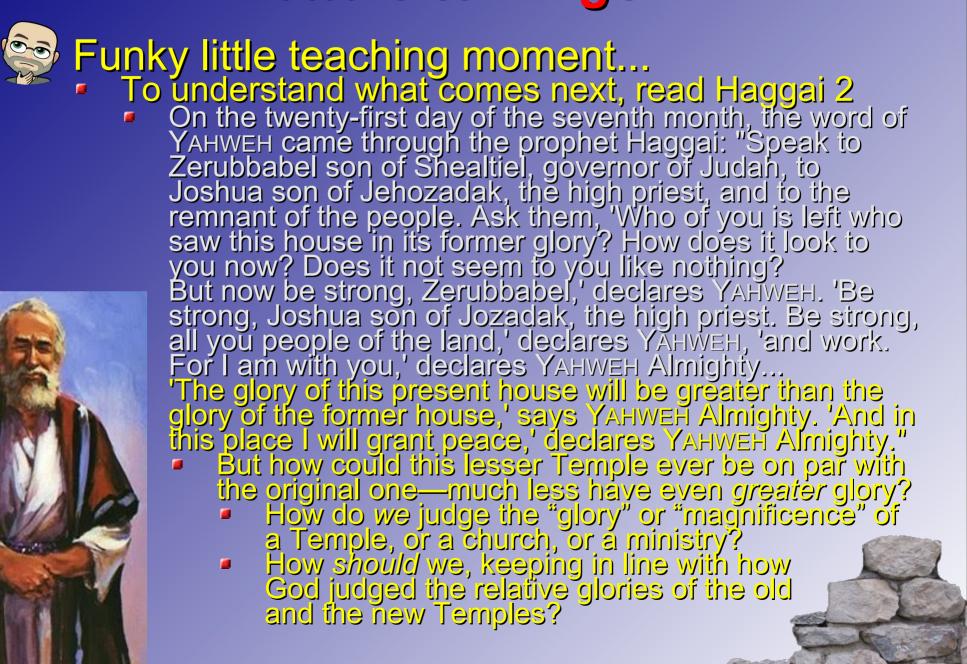




 Funky little teaching moment...
 To understand what comes next, read Haggai 2
 On the twenty-first day of the seventh month, the word of YAHWEH came through the prophet Haggai: "Speak to Zerubbabel son of Shealtiel, governor of Judah, to Joshua son of Jehozadak, the high priest, and to the remnant of the people. Ask them, 'Who of you is left who saw this house in its former glory? How does it look to you now? Does it not seem to you like nothing? But now be strong, Zerubbabel,' declares YAHWEH. 'Be strong, Joshua son of Jozadak, the high priest. Be strong, all you people of the land,' declares YAHWEH, 'and work. For I am with you,' declares YAHWEH Almighty.
 What does God repeat *three times* here?
 Interestingly, this echoes what David had said to Solomon when he began construction on the first Temple, back in the day— Temple, back in the day-"Be strong and courageous, and do the work. Do not be afraid or discouraged, for YAHWEH God, my God, is with you. He will not fail you or forsake you until all the work for the service of the temple of YAHWEH is finished."

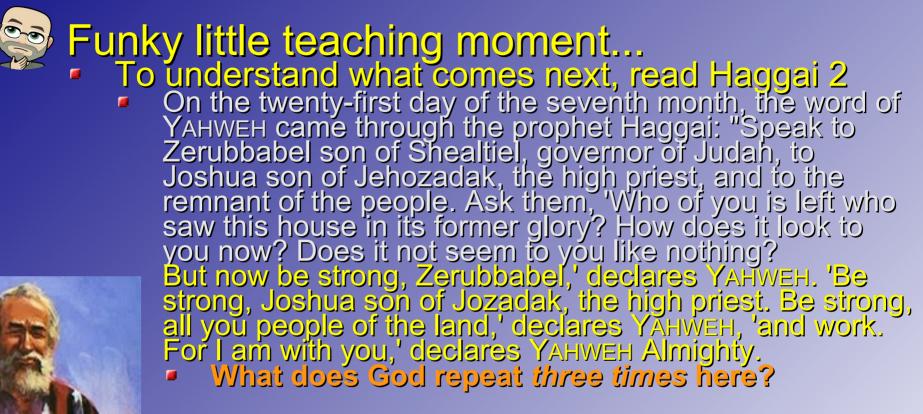
Why might God want to consciously draw their memory back to that moment? How can we apply this concept?















Funky little teaching moment...
 To understand how to do that, read what the priest-prophet Zechariah says in Zechariah 4
 This is the word of YAHWEH to Zerubbabel: 'Not by might nor by power, but by my Spirit,' says YAHWEH Almighty.
 How can we apply that concept to our own contexts?
 Can you trust in that—just in that much—even if God cloesn't give you any more details to make you comfortable enough to trust Him?



