# **The Apostles' Creed**



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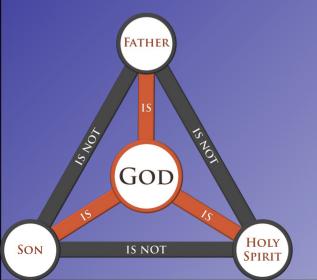
- Intro to the Creed Itself
- God the Father
- God the Son (part 1)

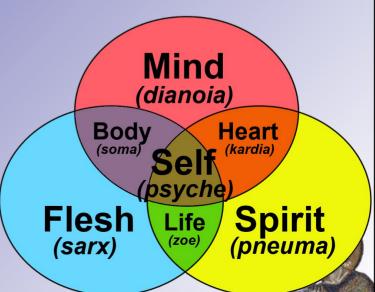


- Note: Keeping pace with last week's announcement that the Church of England was working on removing "God as Father" nguage for not being gender-neutral scientists this week issued 2 st of 24 terms that are harmful enough to require banned in common English usage "rediom" uding the words "father nd hich should be replaced with the more offensively neutral terms "sperm donor" **OICE** donor <mark>SINC</mark>
  - Again, "neuter" doesn't always equate with "neutral"—and what do we lose by seeing a father (or mother) as primarily only a "genetic donor"?



- "We believe in... Jesus Christ, his only begotten Son, our Lord..."
   We've already talked about Christ as the Son when we talked about the Trinity
   We even talked about how the Trinity was at least a smidgey bit like how the Greeks saw living beings





- "We believe in... Jesus Christ, his only begotten Son, our Lord..."
   We've already talked about Christ as the Son when we talked about the Trinity
   We even talked about how the Trinity was at least a smidgey bit like how the Greeks saw living beings— with the Son being the physicality of God, His Paternal Will being expressed into the physical cosmos through the power of His Spirit
   Note that the terms "only-begotten" (from John 3:16) or "firstborn" (from Colossians 1:15) are more about Christ's uniqueness and preeminence than about actual birth-ness
  - actual birth-ness (i.e.; they don't imply that there was a time when Christ wasn't, before the Father "begat" Him)

**Father** 

God

Life (zoe)

Heart

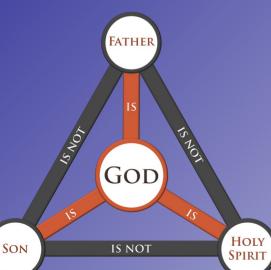
(kardia)

**Spirit** 

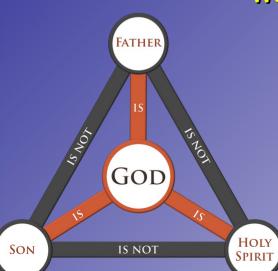
Body

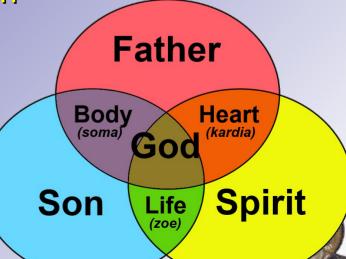
(soma)

Son



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   We even talked about how the Trinity was at least a smidgey bit like how the Greeks saw living beings-with the Son being the physicality of God, His Paternal Will being expressed into the physical cosmos through the power of His Spirit
   But exactly what that *looked* like in Jesus Himself -understood in "rubber-hits-the-road" Christology about Christ's life as "Immanuel" walking with us-was a debate in the early church



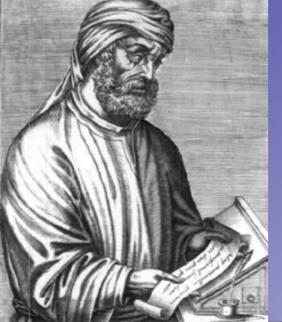


Man Marcionism



Solution Funky little teaching moment—Christology.

- Lay theologian Marcion taught that YAHWEH was a naughty god from the Jewish "Old" Testament, and Jesus was a good god from the Christian "New" Testament
  - Therefore, Jesus couldn't have been a human being, since that would have made Him part of YAHWEH's sinfully fleshly Creation —but He wasn't really "God" in the same sense that YAHWEH had been, since they were effectively two *different* gods
     Jesus only seemed human while here on Earth, when He was actually only a Spirit (spawning the movement known as "Docetism"—from the word, "ōoκáω" or "dokeō"—"to seem")



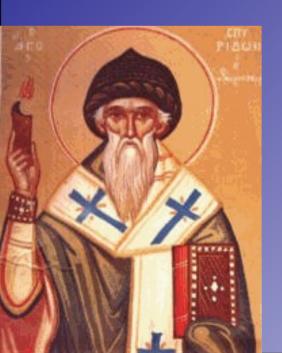




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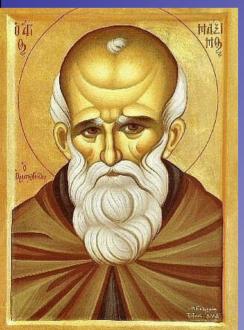
Arius said that Jesus wasn't divine—or at least not <u>as</u> divine as the Father was



 The Father was the all-powerful θεος ("Theos" or "God"), and Jesus was the perfect human κύριος ("Kyrios" or "Lord") who came from the Father during human history to teach us how to be holy humans
 So the word that Arius wanted to use to describe Christ's essence in the Creed was "όμοιούσιος" ("homoioúsios")—"a <u>similar</u> essence [to God the Father]" (but instead, they went with "όμοούσιος" ["homooúsios"]—"the <u>same</u> essence [as God the Father]")

Funky little teaching moment—Christology.



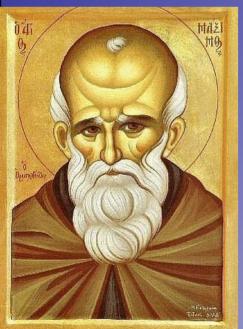


 Apollinaris said Jesus had a human body and soul (i.e.; emotions), but a Divine mind
 Theodoret accused Apollinaris of teaching modalism—that God revealed Himself to humanity in three stages or "modes" (the Father in Creation, the Son in Redemption, and the Spirit in Sanctification and Regeneration)



Funky little teaching moment—Christology.





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To Apollinaris, terms like "Father" or "Son" or "Spirit" just reflect different personal manifestations of an undifferentiated God in the universe at different times in history (like that time when God's mind added flesh) (the roots of modern "Oneness" doctrines)

Funky little teaching moment—Christology.



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Funky little teaching moment—Christology.



Eutyches agreed that Christ did have both a human nature and a Divine one, but they actually then combined formed a third, new nature that was unprecedentedly alien



Funky little teaching moment—*Christology*. **2** 



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Funky little teaching moment—*Christology*.
 Or think of it this way, if it helps you out—

Ebionism (Jesus wasn't God)

Arianism (Jesus wasn't <u>fully</u> God) <mark>Docetism</mark> (Jesus wasn't human)

Apollinarism (Jesus wasn't <u>fully</u> human)



Nestorianism (Jesus was <u>two</u> persons with <u>two</u> spirits) Eutychianism (Jesus had a <u>blended</u> nature that was totally <u>alien</u>)



- "We believe in... Jesus Christ, his only begotten Son, our Lord..."
   We've already talked about Christ as the Son when we talked about the Trinity
   But could we speak a bit about Jesus as Lord...?

